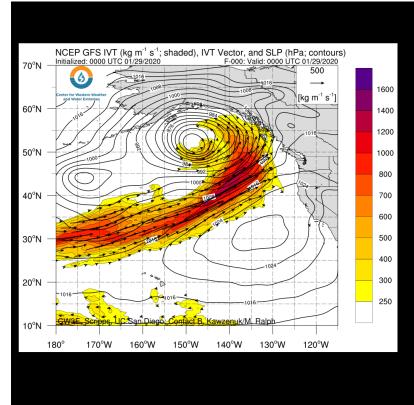
#### For California DWR's AR Program

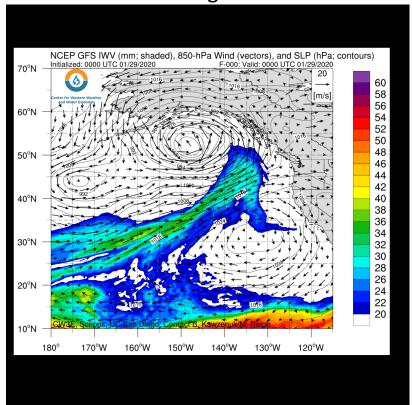


#### A landfalling AR will bring heavy rainfall and the potential for flooding to the Pacific Northwest

- A landfalling AR is forecast to impact British Columbia, Washington, and Oregon this week
- Some areas along the coast may experience AR3/AR4 conditions, but there is significant uncertainty in forecast AR Scale
- At least 3–7 inches of rainfall are expected over portions of western WA and OR during the next 5 days, with more than 7 inches possible over the Olympic Peninsula and North Cascades
- Surface high pressure will build over the Northeast Pacific Ocean during 1–3 Feb

Additional landfalling AR activity is currently forecast on the poleward side of the surface high between 4 Feb and 7 Feb





#### For California DWR's AR Program





# **Flooding Possible**

Friday January 31 - Sunday February 2, 2020



### **Location:**

Rivers, streams, and urban areas in Western Washington



### Details:

- Heavy rain Friday and Saturday may produce flooding on rivers, streams, and in urban areas through the weekend.
- At this time, some rivers may reach flood stage by Friday afternoon.



## **Prepare:**

If you live near area rivers and waterways, keep an eye on water levels and forecasts

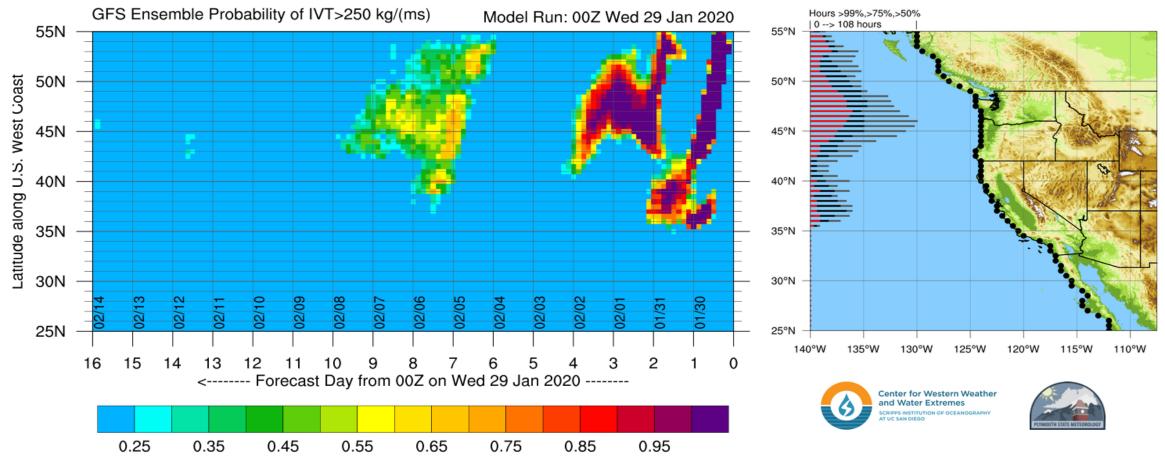


Issued 1/28/2020 by NWS Seattle

# GEFS Control AR Scale and GFS 7-day QPF Forecast valid: 00Z 01/29/20 - 00Z 02/05/2020 AR 5 AR 4 AR3 AR 2 50°N AR 1 O No AR 45°N 40°N AR3/AR4 35°N conditions possible 30°N 105°W AR Scale based on Ralph et al. (2019; BAMS)

#### For California DWR's AR Program



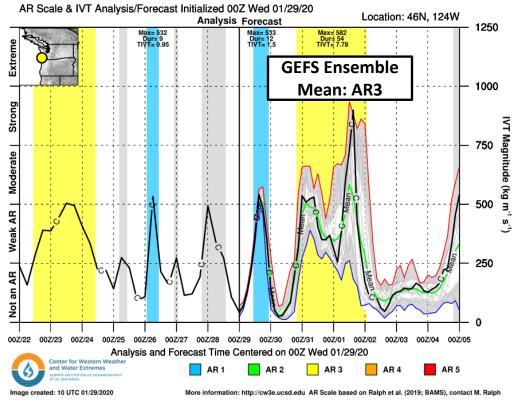


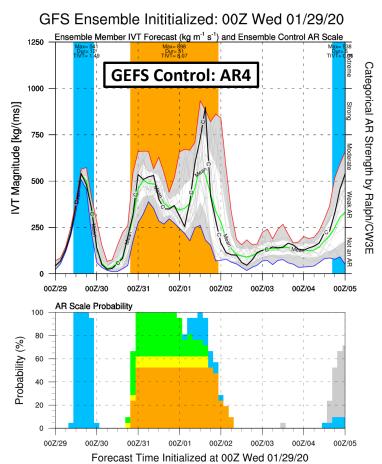
- AR landfall tool shows high confidence (> 80%) in AR conditions over coastal OR and WA between 0000 UTC 31 Jan and 1200 UTC 1 Feb
- There is still some uncertainty in the location of AR conditions between 0000 UTC 1 Feb and 0000 UTC 2 Feb
- Note: The region of elevated IVT values along the CA coast is associated with northerly/northwesterly flow on the east side of surface high pressure and thus will not produce any significant precipitation
- GEFS long-range forecasts suggest the potential for additional landfalling AR activity between 4 Feb and 7 Feb

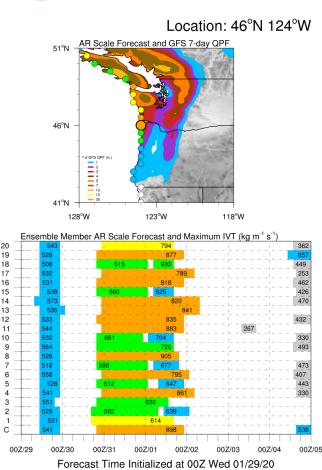
### For California DWR's AR Program



### **GEFS IVT Forecast Plumes**





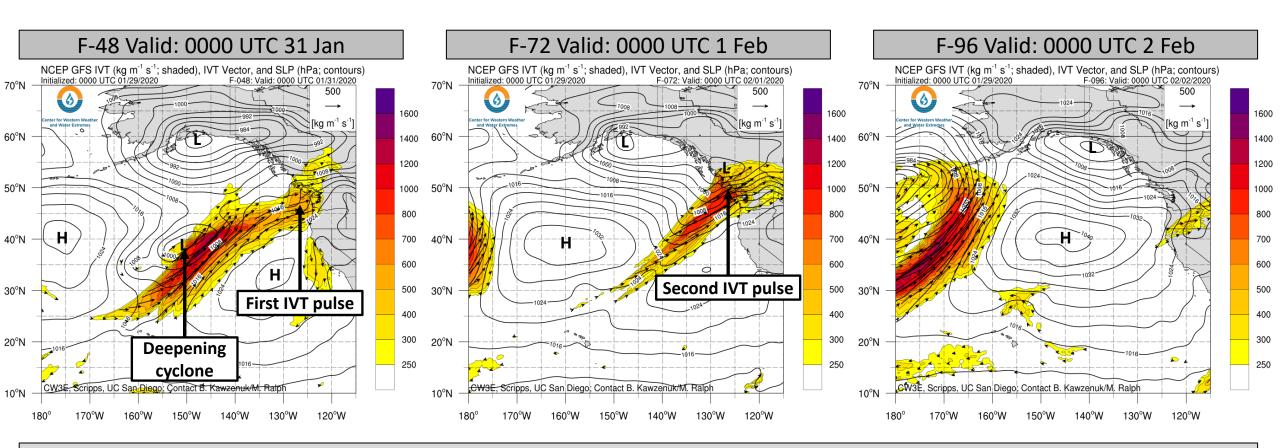


- There is a large difference between the GEFS control (898 kg m<sup>-1</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>) and ensemble mean (582 kg m<sup>-1</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>) maximum IVT forecast over northwestern OR, with the GEFS control predicting AR4 conditions and the ensemble mean suggesting AR3 conditions
- While 11/21 GEFS members are predicting AR4 conditions, 8/21 members are only predicting AR2 conditions
- There is significant uncertainty regarding the magnitude of IVT between 0000 UTC 1 Feb and 0000 UTC 2 Feb
- Several GEFS members even suggest that IVT will drop below 250 kg m<sup>-1</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> for several hours before the second pulse of IVT on 1 Feb

### For California DWR's AR Program



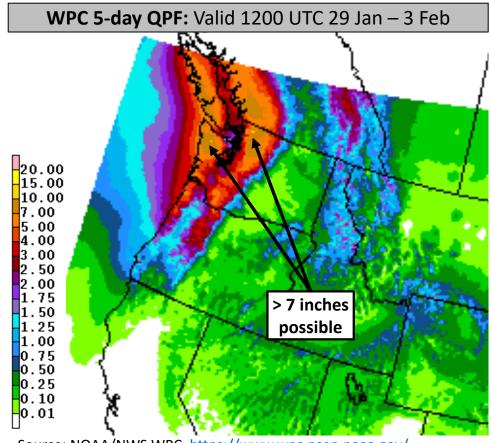
#### **GFS IVT Forecasts**

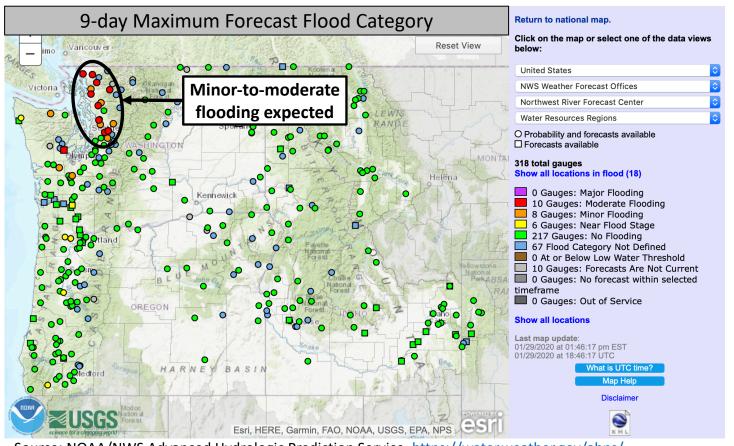


- The first pulse of IVT associated with a decaying frontal boundary is forecast to make landfall along the WA and OR coast shortly before 0000 UTC 31 Jan
- A stronger pulse of IVT associated with a deepening surface cyclone is forecast to make landfall over Vancouver Island shortly before 0000 UTC 1 Feb, but there is some uncertainty in the position and orientation of the main IVT corridor
- By 0000 UTC 2 Feb, strong surface high pressure builds over Northeast Pacific Ocean

#### For California DWR's AR Program







- Source: NOAA/NWS WPC, <a href="https://www.wpc.ncep.noaa.gov/">https://www.wpc.ncep.noaa.gov/</a>
  Source: NOAA/NWS Advanced Hydrologic Prediction Service, <a href="https://water.weather.gov/ahps/">https://water.weather.gov/ahps/</a>
- At least 3–7 inches of precipitation are forecast over portions of western OR and WA, as well as southwestern BC, during the next 5 days
- The highest amounts (> 7 inches) are expected over the Olympic Mountains, the North Cascades, and Vancouver Island
- Given the saturated soil conditions and rapid increase in mountain snowpack over the past 4 weeks, there is potential for river flooding at lower elevations west of the North Cascades
- Lighter precipitation (1–3 inches) is expected over the Rocky Mountains in association with the inland penetration of high IVT values