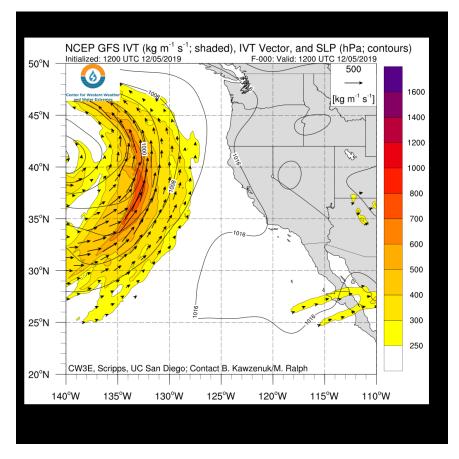
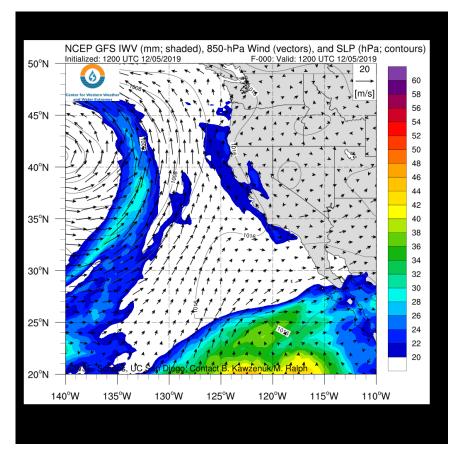


Another storm to bring AR conditions and heavy precipitation to the U.S. West Coast

- A landfalling AR associated with a large cyclone will produce heavy rainfall and mountain snowfall in Northern CA and southwestern OR on 6–8 Dec
- A second landfalling AR further south will likely bring AR conditions and lighter rainfall amounts to Southern CA on 7–8 Dec
- Long-range ensemble forecasts continue to suggest a period of less active weather over California next week





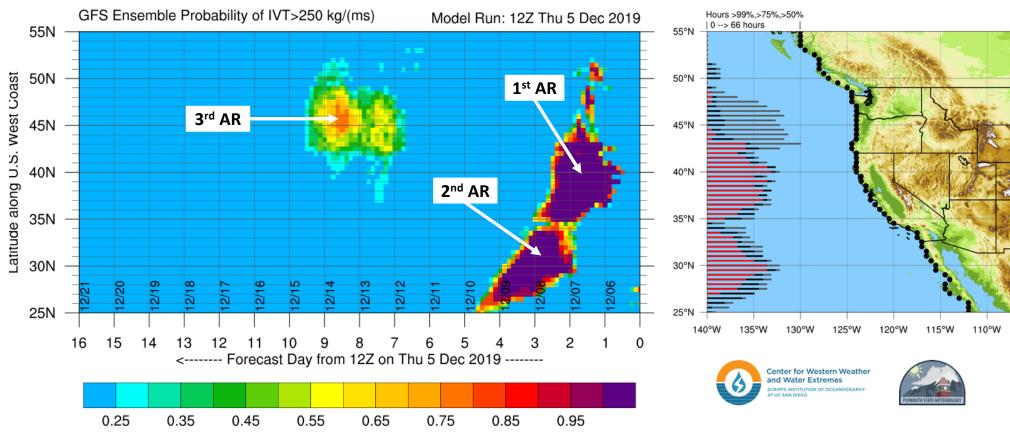




GEFS Control AR Scale and GFS 7-day QPF Forecast valid: 12Z 12/05/19 - 12Z 12/12/2019 AR 5 55°N AR 4 AR3 AR 2 AR 1 50°N O No AR **AR2/AR3** conditions expected with 1st AR 45°N 40°N **AR1** conditions expected with 2nd AR 35°N 30°N 25°N 15 130°W 120°W 115°W 110°W 105°W AR Scale based on Ralph et al. (2019; BAMS)

Source: NOAA/NWS WFO Sacramento, CA, https://www.weather.gov/sto/

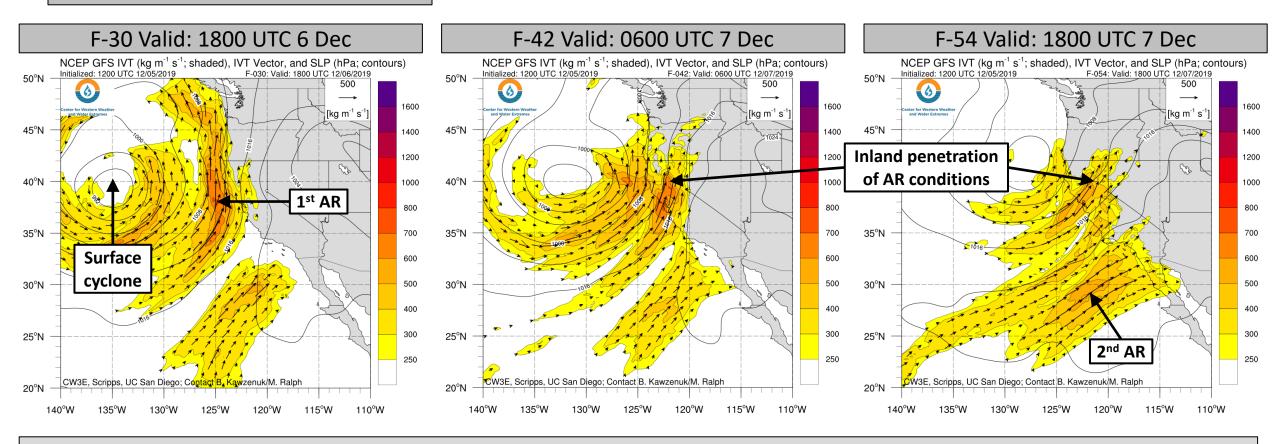




- AR landfall tool shows high confidence (100%) in AR conditions (see 1st AR above) over Central and Northern CA on 6–8 Dec
- AR landfall tool also shows high confidence in AR conditions (see 2nd AR above) over Southern CA on 7–8 Dec
- GEFS long-range forecasts suggest a period of less active weather in CA but increasing potential for AR activity (see 3rd AR above) over the Pacific Northwest next week

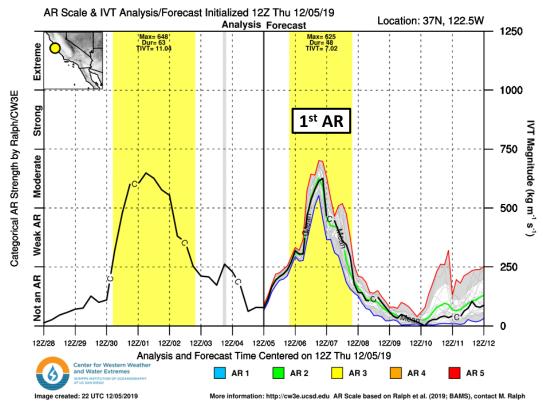


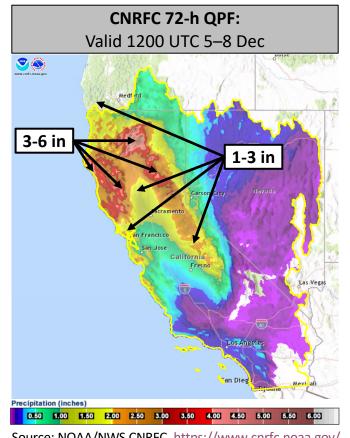
GFS IVT Forecast for 1st AR

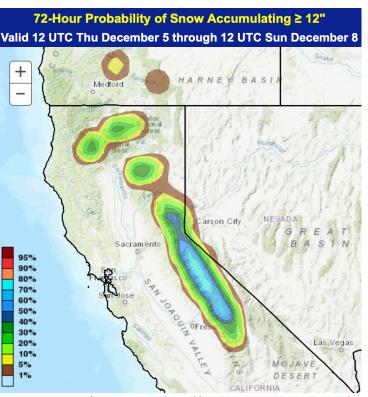


- The 1st AR, located ahead of a large cyclone over the Northeast Pacific Ocean, will make landfall along the U.S. West Coast on 6 Dec
- AR conditions will persist into 7 Dec as a second region of high IVT wrapped around the cyclone moves onshore
- High IVT values will penetrate inland via the San Francisco Bay and Sacramento Valley, bringing AR conditions to interior Northern CA
- The orientation of the IVT vectors will likely support significant upslope moisture flux and orographic enhancement of precipitation over the Klamath Mountains and Northern Sierra Nevada





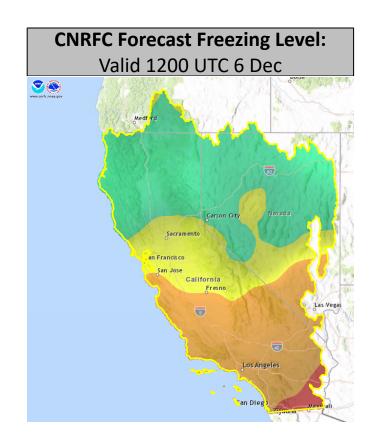


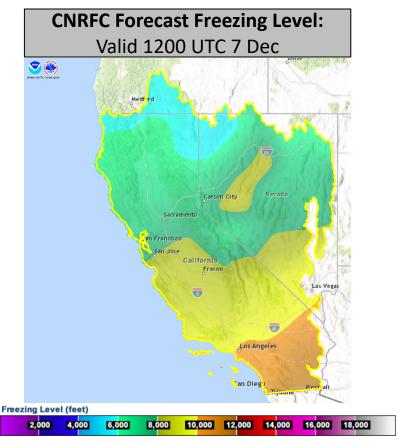


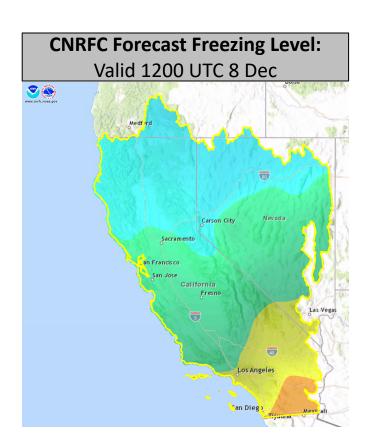
Source: NOAA/NWS CNRFC, https://www.cnrfc.noaa.gov/

- Source: NOAA/NWS WPC, https://www.wpc.ncep.noaa.gov/
- GEFS control member is currently predicting 48 hours of weak-to-moderate AR conditions (AR3 based on the Ralph et al. (2019) AR Scale) near Santa Cruz, CA, on 6-8 Dec
- 3-6 inches of precipitation are expected over the Northern CA Coast Ranges, Klamath Mountains, and Northern Sierra Nevada, with 1-3 inches over southwestern OR, the Bay Area, the Sacramento Valley, and the Southern Sierra Nevada
- Snowfall amounts > 12" are likely (> 70% probability) by Sunday morning over the highest elevations in the Sierra Nevada





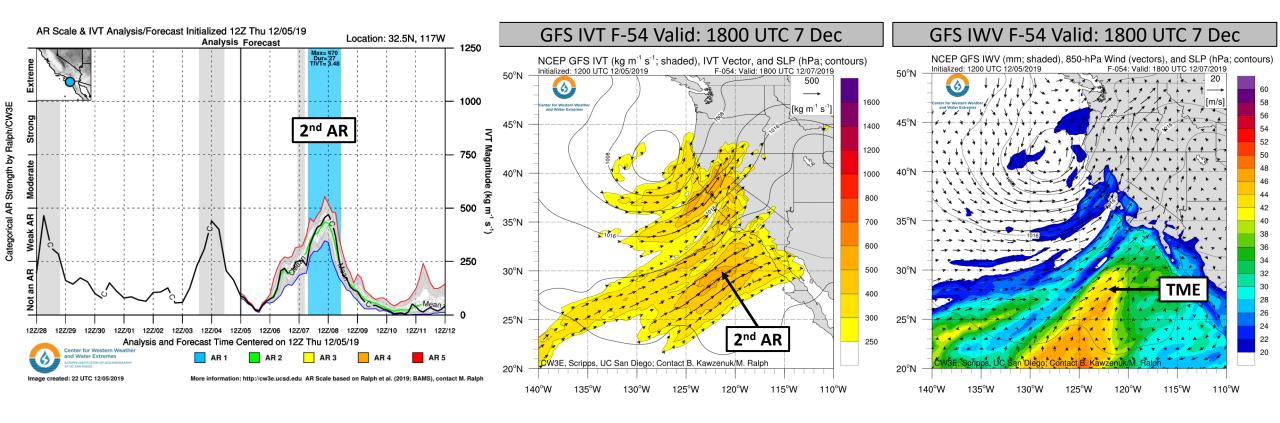




Source: NOAA/NWS CNRFC, https://www.cnrfc.noaa.gov/

- Relatively high freezing levels will initially limit snowfall amounts over the Klamath Mountains and Northern Sierra Nevada
- Freezing levels are forecast to gradually drop between 1200 UTC 6 Dec and 1200 UTC 8 Dec
- The decrease in freezing level height will likely allow for some accumulating snowfall below 6,000 feet on 8 Dec





- GEFS control member and ensemble mean are currently predicting > 24 hours of weak AR conditions (AR1 based on the Ralph et al. (2019) AR Scale)
- This AR will be associated with a tropical moisture export (TME) from Eastern Pacific Ocean
- Heavy rainfall is not expected with this AR, with forecast precipitation amounts generally less than 0.5 inches over Southern CA